



Designation: A684/A684M – 17

Standard Specification for Steel, Strip, High-Carbon, Cold-Rolled¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A684/A684M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers cold-rolled, high-carbon strip in coils or cut lengths. Strip is classified as product that is 0.3000 in. [7.6 mm] or less in thickness and over $\frac{1}{2}$ to $23\frac{15}{16}$ in. [12.5 to 600 mm] in width, inclusive. Strip tolerance products may be available in widths wider than $23\frac{15}{16}$ in. (600 mm) by agreement between purchaser and supplier; however, such products are technically classified as cold-rolled sheet. The maximum of the specified carbon range is over 0.25 to 1.35 %, inclusive. It is furnished in the following types as specified:

1.1.1 Soft spheroidized annealed high-carbon steel is intended for applications requiring maximum cold forming. It is normally produced to give the lowest maximum Rockwell hardness for each grade.

1.1.2 Soft annealed high-carbon steel is intended for applications requiring moderate cold forming. It is produced to a maximum Rockwell hardness.

1.1.3 Intermediate hardness high-carbon steel is intended for applications where cold forming is slight or a stiff, springy product is needed, or both. It is produced to specified Rockwell hardness ranges, the maximum being higher than obtained for the annealed type.

1.1.4 Full hard high-carbon steel is intended for flat applications. It is produced to minimum Rockwell hardness requirements, which vary with grade, microstructure and gauge. Full hard can be produced with either a pearlitic or spheroidized microstructure or a mixture of both. The minimum hardness should be established between the consumer and the producer.

1.2 This specification is applicable for orders in either inch-pound units or SI units.

1.3 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.19 on Steel Sheet and Strip.

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system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.4 The tolerances in this specification are different than those in Specification A568/A568M and Specification A109/A109M.

1.5 For the purpose of determining conformance with this specification, values shall be rounded to the nearest unit in the right hand place of figures used in expressing the limiting values in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E29.

1.6 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable “M” specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units. The metric portions of the tables herein list permissible variations in dimensions and mass (see Note 1) in SI (metric) units. The values listed are not exact conversions of the values listed in the inch-pound tables but instead are rounded or rationalized values. Conformance to SI tolerances is mandatory when the “M” specification is used.

NOTE 1—The term *weight* is used when inch-pound units are the standard. However, under SI the preferred term is *mass*.

1.7 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A109/A109M Specification for Steel, Strip, Carbon (0.25 Maximum Percent), Cold-Rolled

A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A568/A568M Specification for Steel, Sheet, Carbon, Structural, and High-Strength, Low-Alloy, Hot-Rolled and

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

TABLE 1 Heat (Formerly Ladle) Analysis Chemical Composition, %

Steel Designation No.	Carbon	Manganese	Phosphorus, max	Sulfur, max	Silicon
1030	0.28 to 0.34	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1035	0.32 to 0.38	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1040	0.37 to 0.44	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1045	0.43 to 0.50	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1050	0.48 to 0.55	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1055	0.50 to 0.60	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1060	0.55 to 0.65	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1064 ^B	0.59 to 0.70	0.50 to 0.80	0.030	0.035	A
1065	0.60 to 0.70	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1070	0.65 to 0.75	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1074	0.70 to 0.80	0.50 to 0.80	0.030	0.035	A
1075	0.70 to 0.80	0.40 to 0.70	0.030	0.035	A
1080	0.75 to 0.88	0.60 to 0.90	0.030	0.035	A
1085	0.80 to 0.93	0.70 to 1.00	0.030	0.035	A
1086	0.80 to 0.93	0.30 to 0.50	0.030	0.035	A
1095	0.90 to 1.03	0.30 to 0.50	0.030	0.035	A

^A Silicon composition as one of the following:

Type 1: 0.15–0.30

Type 2: 0.10 max

Or other silicon ranges are permissible when agreed upon by purchaser and producer.

^B 1064 is not an SAE steel grade.

Cold-Rolled, General Requirements for
A700 Guide for Packaging, Marking, and Loading Methods
for Steel Products for Shipment
A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemi-
cal Analysis of Steel Products
A941 Terminology Relating to Steel, Stainless Steel, Related
Alloys, and Ferroalloys
A1073/A1073M Practice for Using Hand Micrometers to
Measure the Thickness of Uncoated Steel Sheet and
Nonmetallic and Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet
E3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens
E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to
Determine Conformance with Specifications
E430 Test Methods for Measurement of Gloss of High-Gloss
Surfaces by Abridged Goniophotometry

2.2 Federal Standards:

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipments (Civil Agencies)³

Fed. Std. No. 183 Continuous Identification Marking of Iron
and Steel Products³

2.3 Military Standard:

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipping and Storage³

2.4 SAE Standard:

J 1086 Recommended Practice for Numbering Metals and
Alloys (UNS)⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *burr, n*—metal displaced beyond the plane of the
surface by slitting or shearing.

3.1.2 *lot, n*—quantity of material of the same type, size, and
finish produced at one time from the same cast or heat, and heat
treated in the same heat-treatment cycle.

3.1.3 *spheroidizing, n*—the heating and cooling of the strip
in controlled conditions (annealing) to produce a spheroidal or
globular form of carbide microconstituent.

3.1.4 *stretcher strains, n*—elongated markings that appear
on the surface of the strip when dead soft (fully annealed)
material is deformed beyond its yield point (see 5.2).

3.2 Refer to Terminology **A941** for additional terms used in
this standard.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include
the following information:

4.1.1 ASTM designation and date of issue.

4.1.2 Name, type, and steel grade number.

4.1.3 Hardness (if intermediate or restricted hardness is
specified).

4.1.4 Decarburization (if required).

4.1.5 Application.

4.1.6 Dimensions.

4.1.7 Coil size requirements.

4.1.8 Edge (indicate No. 1 round, square, and so forth).

4.1.9 Finish (indicate and specify).

4.1.10 Conditions (specify whether material is oiled or dry).

4.1.11 Package (bare coils, skid, and so forth).

4.1.12 Cast or heat (formerly ladle) analysis report (if
required).

4.1.12.1 The additional chemical composition requirements
(heat analysis) for copper, nickel, chromium, and molybdenum
shall be specified as Limits L or Limits H. If no limits are
specified, Limits L will be provided.

³ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4,
Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, <http://www.dodssp.daps.mil>.

⁴ Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth
Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, <http://www.sae.org>.

TABLE 2 Heat (Formerly Ladle) Analysis Limits and Ranges

Element	Standard Chemical Limits and Ranges, Limit or Max of Specified Range	Range, %
Carbon ^A	over 0.25 to 0.30, incl	0.06
	over 0.30 to 0.40, incl	0.07
	over 0.40 to 0.60, incl	0.08
	over 0.60 to 0.80, incl	0.11
	over 0.80 to 1.35, incl	0.14
Manganese	to 0.50, incl	0.20
	over 0.50 to 1.15, incl	0.30
	over 1.15 to 1.65, incl	0.35
Phosphorous	to 0.08, incl	0.03
	over 0.08 to 0.15, incl	0.05
Sulfur	to 0.08, incl	0.03
	over 0.08 to 0.15, incl	0.05
	over 0.15 to 0.23, incl	0.07
	over 0.23 to 0.33, incl	0.10
Silicon	to 0.20, incl	0.10
	over 0.20 to 0.30, incl	0.15
	over 0.30 to 0.60, incl	0.30

^A The carbon ranges shown in the column headed "Range" apply when the specified maximum limit for manganese does not exceed 1.00 %. When the maximum manganese limit exceeds 1.00 %, add 0.01 to the carbon ranges shown above.

4.1.12.2 Silicon requirement specified (Type 1, Type 2, or other as agreed between purchaser and producer). If no specification is supplied, then Type 1 (see [Table 1](#), Footnote A) will be supplied.

4.1.13 Special requirements (if required).

4.2 Products covered by this specification are produced to decimal thickness only, and decimal thickness tolerances apply.

NOTE 2—A typical ordering description is as follows: ASTM A684 dated _____ Cold Rolled, High-Carbon Soft, Strip, Spheroidized 1064, 0.042 in. by 6 in. by coil (16 in. ID by 40 in. OD max), No. 5 Edge, No. 2 Finish, Oiled, Bare Skid or "ASTM A684 dated _____ Cold Rolled, High-Carbon, Soft, Strip, Spheroidized 1064, 0.6 mm by 200 mm by coil (400 mm ID by 7500 mm OD max), No. 3 Edge, No. 2 Finish, Oiled, Bare Skid."

5. Manufacture

5.1 Condition:

5.1.1 The strip shall be furnished cold rolled spheroidized annealed, soft annealed, intermediate hardness, or full hard, as specified.

5.1.2 Intermediate hardness may be obtained by either rolling the strip after final annealing or by varying the annealing treatment, or both.

5.2 *Pinch Pass*—Spheroidized annealed and annealed material may be pinch rolled after the final anneal to improve flatness, uniformly oil, modify surface, obtain proper mechanical properties, and minimize stretcher strains if required by the purchaser.

6. Chemical Requirements

6.1 Limits:

6.1.1 When carbon steel strip is specified to chemical composition, the compositions are commonly prepared using the ranges and limits shown in [Table 2](#). The elements compris-

TABLE 3 Additional Chemical Composition Requirements—Heat Analysis

Element	Composition—Weight %	
	L	H
Aluminum ^A
Vanadium ^A
Columbium ^A
Titanium ^A
	Limits	
Copper, max ^B	0.30	0.50
Nickel, max ^B	0.30	0.30
Chromium, max ^{B, C}	0.25	0.30
Molybdenum, max ^B	0.10	0.16

^A Where an ellipsis (. . .) appears in this table, there is no specified limit, but the analysis shall be reported.

^B The sum of copper, nickel, chromium, and molybdenum shall not exceed 0.80 % on heat analysis. When one or more of these elements is specified, the sum does not apply, in which case only the individual limits on the remaining elements will apply.

^C For antigraphitization, the maximum for chromium shall be 1.40 %.

ing the desired chemical composition are specified in one of three ways:

6.1.1.1 By a maximum limit,

6.1.1.2 By a minimum limit, or

6.1.1.3 By minimum and maximum limits, termed the "range." By common usage, the range is the arithmetical difference between the two limits (for example, 0.60 to 0.71 is 0.11 range).

6.1.2 Steel grade numbers indicating chemical composition commonly produced to this specification are shown in [Table 1](#) and may be used. [Table 3](#) shows requirements for additional elements.

6.1.3 Additional elements may be present. Limits on such elements are by agreement between purchaser and supplier.

6.1.3.1 Any additional elements specified shall be included in the report of heat analysis.

6.2 Heat (Formerly Ladle) Analysis:

6.2.1 An analysis of each heat of steel shall be made by the manufacturer to determine the percentage of elements specified or restricted by the applicable specification.

6.2.2 When requested, heat analysis for elements listed or required shall be reported to the purchaser or to his representative. Each of the elements listed in [Tables 1 and 3](#) and additional elements agreed upon by the purchaser, and the supplier shall be included in the report of heat analysis. When the amount of copper, nickel, chromium, or molybdenum is less than 0.02 %, the analysis may be reported as <0.02 %. When the amount of vanadium, columbium, or titanium is less than 0.008 %, the analysis may be reported as <0.008 %. The reported heat analysis shall conform to the chemical composition requirements of the appropriate grade in [Table 1](#), if used, the additional elements in [Table 3](#), and the limits of any other elements agreed upon by the purchaser and supplier.

6.3 *Product Analysis*—Product analysis is the chemical analysis of the semi-finished product form. The strip may be subjected to product analysis by the purchaser either for the purpose of verifying that the ordered chemical composition is within specified limits for each element as listed in [Table 1](#), including applicable tolerance for product analysis, or to determine variations in compositions within a cast or heat. The